Introduction to James Dr. John H. Niemelä, 4 April 2013, Water of Life Bible Study

Review:

Can a person decide to believe in Christ? Why? or Why not?

In the overview, to what groups did God make promise	es?			
To in Genesis 1 to	in Genesis 1 to			
To in Genesis	to			
Toin	to			
Toin	to			
When does God fulfill all remaining promises?				
Revelationto				
What comes after that?				
Revelationto				
What is the Mystery of Christ?				
What changed in Acts 10 with Cornelius?				
How can we distinguish the Rapture from the Second A	Advent?			

Propitiation For whom did Jesus pay the death penalty for sin?
A preacher says, "Believe in Jesus, so your sins will be paid for." What do you say?
Will unbelievers pay for their sins in the lake of fire?
LET's TAKE A LOOK AT ROMANS 1:18: It is often misunderstood
If Jesus paid for everyone's sin-incurred death penalty, does everyone get eternal life?
Do unbelievers live forever? or Do unbelievers simply cease to exist? or What?
How do we know that believers don't appear at the Great White Throne
Who are the people talked about in John 5:28? Believers, Unbelievers, or both? Why?
How many people in John 5:28 will be found to have done good things?
If believing/not believing and life/death are the big issues, how does that affect what we say to unbelievers as we minister to them
How many times does John's Gospel say <i>believe</i> How many times does John's Gospel say <i>repent, repentance,</i> or <i>penance</i> ? What (in John 20:30-31) says that the book was written to unbelievers?

INTRODUCTION TO JAMES

1:1:	The	Readers	of James	(Part 1):
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James, a bondservant of God and of the Lord Jesus Christ, to the twelve tribes which are scattered abroad, Greetings.

Acts 8:1 And Saul was consenting unto his death. And at that time there was a great persecution against the church which was at Jerusalem; and they were all scattered abroad throughout the regions of Judaea and Samaria, except the apostles.

1:18: The Readers of James (Part 2):

Of his own will He brought <u>us</u> forth by the word of truth, that we might be a kind of firstfruits of his creatures.

The writer of the book: Jacob (lakōbos)

How is it that English Bibles call him James?

Probably he is the James (lakōbos) mentioned in Matthew 13:55

If so, it is pertinent for us to read John 6:42 and 7:5

James 1:19-20: The Outline of James:

¹⁹ So then, my beloved brethren, let every man

[1] be swift to hear, (1:21-2:26)

[2] slow to speak, (3:1-18)

[3] slow to wrath: (4:1-5:6)

 $^{\rm 20}$ For the wrath of man does not produce the righteousness of God.

Let every man (woman) be:

Swift to Hear (1:21–2:26)

Slow to Anger (3:1-18)

Slow to Wrath (4:1-5:6)

Doing Hearers (1:21–27)

Non-Discrim (2:1-13)

Faith & wks (2:14-26)

In which section is the faith-without-works passage (2:14-26)?

To whom did James address 2:14-26?

When we see the word saved, we always need to ask:

Faith in whom?/what? _____ saves whom? _____ from whom?/what? _____

In James (as we will show), salvation should be rendered deliverance;

save should rendered deliver.

Two Possible Meanings for "faith without works" (2:20, 26)

Subtraction Model	Addition Model
Faith	Faith
	+ (0 × Works) +
00	

If one believes that stealing is sin, but steals anyway, his/her faith delivered him/her?

Memory verse: James 1:16-17

¹⁶ Do not be deceived, my beloved brethren. ¹⁷ Every good gift and every perfect gift is from above, and comes down from the Father of lights, with whom there is no variation or shadow of turning.